

Union Calendar No. 29

107TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 863

[Report No. 107–46]

To provide grants to ensure increased accountability for juvenile offenders.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 6, 2001

Mr. SMITH of Texas (for himself, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. BARR of Georgia, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. COBLE, Mr. DELAHUNT, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas, Mr. KELLER, Mr. MEEHAN, and Mr. WEINER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

APRIL 20, 2001

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italics]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on March 6, 2001]

A BILL

To provide grants to ensure increased accountability for
juvenile offenders.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

4 SEC. 2. GRANT PROGRAM.

8 **“PART R—JUVENILE ACCOUNTABILITY BLOCK**
9 **GRANTS**

11 “(a) *IN GENERAL.*—The Attorney General is author-
12 ized to provide grants to States, for use by States and units
13 of local government, and in certain cases directly to spe-
14 cially qualified units.

20 “(1) *developing, implementing, and admin-*
21 *istering graduated sanctions for juvenile offenders;*

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1 “(3) hiring juvenile court judges, probation offi-
2 cers, and court-appointed defenders and special advo-
3 cates, and funding pretrial services for juvenile of-
4 fenders, to promote the effective and expeditious ad-
5 ministration of the juvenile justice system;

6 “(4) hiring additional prosecutors, so that more
7 cases involving violent juvenile offenders can be pros-
8 ecuted and case backlogs reduced;

9 “(5) providing funding to enable prosecutors to
10 address drug, gang, and youth violence problems more
11 effectively and for technology, equipment, and train-
12 ing to assist prosecutors in identifying and expediting
13 the prosecution of violent juvenile offenders;

14 “(6) establishing and maintaining training pro-
15 grams for law enforcement and other court personnel
16 with respect to preventing and controlling juvenile
17 crime;

18 “(7) establishing juvenile gun courts for the pros-
19 ecution and adjudication of juvenile firearms offend-
20 ers;

21 “(8) establishing drug court programs for juve-
22 nile offenders that provide continuing judicial super-
23 vision over juvenile offenders with substance abuse
24 problems and the integrated administration of other
25 sanctions and services for such offenders;

1 “(9) establishing and maintaining a system of
2 juvenile records designed to promote public safety;

3 “(10) establishing and maintaining interagency
4 information-sharing programs that enable the juvenile
5 and criminal justice system, schools, and social serv-
6 ices agencies to make more informed decisions regard-
7 ing the early identification, control, supervision, and
8 treatment of juveniles who repeatedly commit serious
9 delinquent or criminal acts;

10 “(11) establishing and maintaining account-
11 ability-based programs designed to reduce recidivism
12 among juveniles who are referred by law enforcement
13 personnel or agencies;

14 “(12) establishing and maintaining programs to
15 conduct risk and need assessments of juvenile offend-
16 ers that facilitate the effective early intervention and
17 the provision of comprehensive services, including
18 mental health screening and treatment and substance
19 abuse testing and treatment to such offenders;

20 “(13) establishing and maintaining account-
21 ability-based programs that are designed to enhance
22 school safety;

23 “(14) establishing and maintaining restorative
24 justice programs;

1 “(15) establishing and maintaining programs to
2 enable juvenile courts and juvenile probation officers
3 to be more effective and efficient in holding juvenile
4 offenders accountable and reducing recidivism; and

5 “(16) hiring detention and corrections personnel,
6 and establishing and maintaining training programs
7 for such personnel to improve facility practices and
8 programming.

9 “(c) *DEFINITION.*—For purposes of this section, the
10 term ‘restorative justice program’ means a program that
11 emphasizes the moral accountability of an offender toward
12 the victim and the affected community, and may include
13 community reparations boards, restitution (in the form of
14 monetary payment or service to the victim or, where no vic-
15 tim can be identified, service to the affected community),
16 and mediation between victim and offender.

17 **“SEC. 1802. GRANT ELIGIBILITY.**

18 “(a) *STATE ELIGIBILITY.*—To be eligible to receive a
19 grant under this section, a State shall submit to the Attor-
20 ney General an application at such time, in such form, and
21 containing such assurances and information as the Attor-
22 ney General may require by guidelines, including—

23 “(1) information about—

24 “(A) the activities proposed to be carried
25 out with such grant; and

1 “(B) the criteria by which the State pro-
 2 poses to assess the effectiveness of such activities
 3 on achieving the purposes of this part; and

4 “(2) assurances that the State and any unit of
 5 local government to which the State provides funding
 6 under section 1803(b), has in effect (or shall have in
 7 effect, not later than 1 year after the date that the
 8 State submits such application) laws, or has imple-
 9 mented (or shall implement, not later than 1 year
 10 after the date that the State submits such application)
 11 policies and programs, that provide for a system of
 12 graduated sanctions described in subsection (c).

13 “(b) LOCAL ELIGIBILITY.—

14 “(1) SUBGRANT ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to
 15 receive a subgrant, a unit of local government, other
 16 than a specially qualified unit, shall provide to the
 17 State—

18 “(A) information about—

19 “(i) the activities proposed to be car-
 20 ried out with such subgrant; and

21 “(ii) the criteria by which the unit
 22 proposes to assess the effectiveness of such
 23 activities on achieving the purposes of this
 24 part; and

1 “(B) such assurances as the State shall re-
2 quire, that, to the maximum extent applicable,
3 the unit of local government has in effect (or
4 shall have in effect, not later than 1 year after
5 the date that the unit submits such application)
6 laws, or has implemented (or shall implement,
7 not later than 1 year after the date that the unit
8 submits such application) policies and programs,
9 that provide for a system of graduated sanctions
10 described in subsection (c).

11 “(2) SPECIAL RULE.—The requirements of para-
12 graph (1) shall apply to a specially qualified unit
13 that receives funds from the Attorney General under
14 section 1803(e), except that information that is other-
15 wise required to be submitted to the State shall be
16 submitted to the Attorney General.

17 “(c) GRADUATED SANCTIONS.—A system of graduated
18 sanctions, which may be discretionary as provided in sub-
19 section (d), shall ensure, at a minimum, that—

20 “(1) sanctions are imposed on a juvenile offender
21 for each delinquent offense;

22 “(2) sanctions escalate in intensity with each
23 subsequent, more serious delinquent offense;

1 “(3) *there is sufficient flexibility to allow for in-*
 2 *dividualized sanctions and services suited to the indi-*
 3 *vidual juvenile offender; and*

4 “(4) *appropriate consideration is given to public*
 5 *safety and victims of crime.*

6 “(d) *DISCRETIONARY USE OF SANCTIONS.—*

7 “(1) *VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—A State or*
 8 *unit of local government may be eligible to receive a*
 9 *grant under this part if—*

10 “(A) *its system of graduated sanctions is*
 11 *discretionary; and*

12 “(B) *it demonstrates that it has promoted*
 13 *the use of a system of graduated sanctions by*
 14 *taking steps to encourage implementation of such*
 15 *a system by juvenile courts.*

16 “(2) *REPORTING REQUIREMENT IF GRADUATED*
 17 *SANCTIONS NOT USED.—*

18 “(A) *JUVENILE COURTS.—A State or unit*
 19 *of local government in which the imposition of*
 20 *graduated sanctions is discretionary shall re-*
 21 *quire each juvenile court within its*
 22 *jurisdiction—*

23 “(i) *which has not implemented a sys-*
 24 *tem of graduated sanctions, to submit an*
 25 *annual report that explains why such court*

1 *did not implement graduated sanctions;*
2 *and*

3 “(ii) *which has implemented a system*
4 *of graduated sanctions but has not imposed*
5 *graduated sanctions in all cases, to submit*
6 *an annual report that explains why such*
7 *court did not impose graduated sanctions in*
8 *all cases.*

9 “(B) *UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—Each*
10 *unit of local government, other than a specially*
11 *qualified unit, that has 1 or more juvenile courts*
12 *that use a discretionary system of graduated*
13 *sanctions shall collect the information reported*
14 *under subparagraph (A) for submission to the*
15 *State each year.*

16 “(C) *STATES.—Each State and specially*
17 *qualified unit that has 1 or more juvenile courts*
18 *that use a discretionary system of graduated*
19 *sanctions shall collect the information reported*
20 *under subparagraph (A) for submission to the*
21 *Attorney General each year. A State shall also*
22 *collect and submit to the Attorney General the*
23 *information collected under subparagraph (B).*

24 “(e) *DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:*

1 “(1) The term ‘discretionary’ means that a sys-
 2 tem of graduated sanctions is not required to be im-
 3 posed by each and every juvenile court in a State or
 4 unit of local government.

5 “(2) The term ‘sanctions’ means tangible, pro-
 6 portional consequences that hold the juvenile offender
 7 accountable for the offense committed. A sanction may
 8 include counseling, restitution, community service, a
 9 fine, supervised probation, or confinement.

10 **“SEC. 1803. ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.**

11 “(a) STATE ALLOCATION.—

12 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with regula-
 13 tions promulgated pursuant to this part and except
 14 as provided in paragraph (3), the Attorney General
 15 shall allocate—

16 “(A) 0.25 percent for each State; and

17 “(B) of the total funds remaining after the
 18 allocation under subparagraph (A), to each
 19 State, an amount which bears the same ratio to
 20 the amount of remaining funds described in this
 21 subparagraph as the population of people under
 22 the age of 18 living in such State for the most
 23 recent calendar year in which such data is avail-
 24 able bears to the population of people under the
 25 age of 18 of all the States for such fiscal year.

1 “(2) *PROHIBITION.*—No funds allocated to a
2 State under this subsection or received by a State for
3 distribution under subsection (b) may be distributed
4 by the Attorney General or by the State involved for
5 any program other than a program contained in an
6 approved application.

7 “(b) *LOCAL DISTRIBUTION.*—

8 “(1) *IN GENERAL.*—Except as provided in para-
9 graph (2), each State which receives funds under sub-
10 section (a)(1) in a fiscal year shall distribute among
11 units of local government, for the purposes specified
12 in section 1801, not less than 75 percent of such
13 amounts received.

14 “(2) *WAIVER.*—If a State submits to the Attor-
15 ney General an application for waiver that dem-
16 onstrates and certifies to the Attorney General that—

17 “(A) the State’s juvenile justice expenditures
18 in the fiscal year preceding the date in which an
19 application is submitted under this part (the
20 ‘State percentage’) is more than 25 percent of the
21 aggregate amount of juvenile justice expenditures
22 by the State and its eligible units of local gov-
23 ernment; and

24 “(B) the State has consulted with as many
25 units of local government in such State, or orga-

1 nizations representing such units, as practicable
 2 regarding the State’s calculation of expenditures
 3 under subparagraph (A), the State’s application
 4 for waiver under this paragraph, and the State’s
 5 proposed uses of funds,

6 the percentage referred to in paragraph (1) shall
 7 equal the percentage determined by subtracting the
 8 State percentage from 100 percent.

9 “(3) ALLOCATION.—In making the distribution
 10 under paragraph (1), the State shall allocate to such
 11 units of local government an amount which bears the
 12 same ratio to the aggregate amount of such funds
 13 as—

14 “(A) the sum of—

15 “(i) the product of—

16 “(I) three-quarters; multiplied by

17 “(II) the average juvenile justice
 18 expenditure for such unit of local gov-
 19 ernment for the 3 most recent calendar
 20 years for which such data is available;
 21 plus

22 “(ii) the product of—

23 “(I) one-quarter; multiplied by

24 “(II) the average annual number
 25 of part 1 violent crimes in such unit of

1 local government for the 3 most recent
2 calendar years for which such data is
3 available, bears to—

4 “(B) the sum of the products determined
5 under subparagraph (A) for all such units of
6 local government in the State.

7 “(4) *EXPENDITURES.*—The allocation any unit
8 of local government shall receive under paragraph (3)
9 for a payment period shall not exceed 100 percent of
10 juvenile justice expenditures of the unit for such pay-
11 ment period.

12 “(5) *REALLOCATION.*—The amount of any unit
13 of local government’s allocation that is not available
14 to such unit by operation of paragraph (4) shall be
15 available to other units of local government that are
16 not affected by such operation in accordance with this
17 subsection.

18 “(c) *UNAVAILABILITY OF DATA FOR UNITS OF LOCAL*
19 *GOVERNMENT.*—If the State has reason to believe that the
20 reported rate of part 1 violent crimes or juvenile justice ex-
21 penditures for a unit of local government is insufficient or
22 inaccurate, the State shall—

23 “(1) investigate the methodology used by the unit
24 to determine the accuracy of the submitted data; and

1 “(2) if necessary, use the best available com-
2 parable data regarding the number of violent crimes
3 or juvenile justice expenditures for the relevant years
4 for the unit of local government.

5 “(d) LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITH ALLOCATIONS LESS
6 THAN \$10,000.—If under this section a unit of local govern-
7 ment is allocated less than \$10,000 for a payment period,
8 the amount allotted shall be expended by the State on serv-
9 ices to units of local government whose allotment is less
10 than such amount in a manner consistent with this part.

11 “(e) DIRECT GRANTS TO SPECIALLY QUALIFIED
12 UNITS.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—If a State does not qualify or
14 apply for funds reserved for allocation under sub-
15 section (a) by the application deadline established by
16 the Attorney General, the Attorney General shall re-
17 serve not more than 75 percent of the allocation that
18 the State would have received under subsection (a) for
19 such fiscal year to provide grants to specially quali-
20 fied units which meet the requirements for funding
21 under section 1802.

22 “(2) AWARD BASIS.—In addition to the quali-
23 fication requirements for direct grants for specially
24 qualified units the Attorney General may use the av-
25 erage amount allocated by the States to units of local

1 *government as a basis for awarding grants under this*
2 *section.*

3 **“SEC. 1804. GUIDELINES.**

4 **“(a) IN GENERAL.—***The Attorney General shall issue*
5 *guidelines establishing procedures under which a State or*
6 *unit of local government that receives funds under section*
7 *1803 is required to provide notice to the Attorney General*
8 *regarding the proposed use of funds made available under*
9 *this part.*

10 **“(b) ADVISORY BOARD.—***The guidelines referred to in*
11 *subsection (a) shall include a requirement that such eligible*
12 *State or unit of local government establish and convene an*
13 *advisory board to review the proposed uses of such funds.*
14 *The board shall include representation from, if*
15 *appropriate—*

- 16 *“(1) the State or local police department;*
17 *“(2) the local sheriff’s department;*
18 *“(3) the State or local prosecutor’s office;*
19 *“(4) the State or local juvenile court;*
20 *“(5) the State or local probation officer;*
21 *“(6) the State or local educational agency;*
22 *“(7) a State or local social service agency;*
23 *“(8) a nonprofit, nongovernmental victim advoca-*
24 *cacy organization; and*
25 *“(9) a nonprofit, religious, or community group.*

1 **“SEC. 1805. PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS.**

2 “(a) *TIMING OF PAYMENTS.*—*The Attorney General*
3 *shall pay to each State or unit of local government that*
4 *receives funds under section 1803 that has submitted an ap-*
5 *plication under this part not later than—*

6 “(1) *180 days after the date that the amount is*
7 *available, or*

8 “(2) *the first day of the payment period if the*
9 *State has provided the Attorney General with the as-*
10 *surances required by subsection (c),*
11 *whichever is later.*

12 “(b) *REPAYMENT OF UNEXPENDED AMOUNTS.*—

13 “(1) *REPAYMENT REQUIRED.*—*From amounts*
14 *awarded under this part, a State or specially quali-*
15 *fied unit shall repay to the Attorney General, before*
16 *the expiration of the 36-month period beginning on*
17 *the date of the award, any amount that is not ex-*
18 *pended by such State or unit.*

19 “(2) *EXTENSION.*—*The Attorney General may*
20 *adopt policies and procedures providing for a one-*
21 *time extension, by not more than 12 months, of the*
22 *period referred to in paragraph (1).*

23 “(3) *PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPAY.*—*If the*
24 *amount required to be repaid is not repaid, the Attor-*
25 *ney General shall reduce payment in future payment*
26 *periods accordingly.*

1 “(4) *DEPOSIT OF AMOUNTS REPAID.*—Amounts
 2 *received by the Attorney General as repayments under*
 3 *this subsection shall be deposited in a designated fund*
 4 *for future payments to States and specially qualified*
 5 *units.*

6 “(c) *ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.*—A State or unit of local
 7 government that receives funds under this part may use not
 8 more than 5 percent of such funds to pay for administrative
 9 costs.

10 “(d) *NONSUPPLANTING REQUIREMENT.*—Funds made
 11 available under this part to States and units of local gov-
 12 ernment shall not be used to supplant State or local funds
 13 as the case may be, but shall be used to increase the amount
 14 of funds that would, in the absence of funds made available
 15 under this part, be made available from State or local
 16 sources, as the case may be.

17 “(e) *MATCHING FUNDS.*—

18 “(1) *IN GENERAL.*—The Federal share of a grant
 19 received under this part may not exceed 90 percent of
 20 the total program costs.

21 “(2) *CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES.*—Notwith-
 22 standing paragraph (1), with respect to the cost of
 23 constructing juvenile detention or correctional facili-
 24 ties, the Federal share of a grant received under this
 25 part may not exceed 50 percent of approved cost.

1 **“SEC. 1806. UTILIZATION OF PRIVATE SECTOR.**

2 *“Funds or a portion of funds allocated under this part*
 3 *may be used by a State or unit of local government that*
 4 *receives a grant under this part to contract with private,*
 5 *nonprofit entities, or community-based organizations to*
 6 *carry out the purposes specified under section 1801(b).*

7 **“SEC. 1807. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.**

8 *“(a) IN GENERAL.—A State or specially qualified unit*
 9 *that receives funds under this part shall—*

10 *“(1) establish a trust fund in which the govern-*
 11 *ment will deposit all payments received under this*
 12 *part;*

13 *“(2) use amounts in the trust fund (including*
 14 *interest) during the period specified in section*
 15 *1805(b)(1) and any extension of that period under*
 16 *section 1805(b)(2);*

17 *“(3) designate an official of the State or spe-*
 18 *cially qualified unit to submit reports as the Attorney*
 19 *General reasonably requires, in addition to the an-*
 20 *nual reports required under this part; and*

21 *“(4) spend the funds only for the purposes under*
 22 *section 1801(b).*

23 *“(b) TITLE I PROVISIONS.—Except as otherwise pro-*
 24 *vided, the administrative provisions of part H shall apply*
 25 *to this part and for purposes of this section any reference*

1 *in such provisions to title I shall be deemed to include a*
 2 *reference to this part.*

3 **“SEC. 1808. ASSESSMENT REPORTS.**

4 *“(a) REPORTS TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.—*

5 *“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-*
 6 *graph (2), for each fiscal year for which a grant or*
 7 *subgrant is awarded under this part, each State or*
 8 *unit of local government that receives such a grant or*
 9 *subgrant shall submit to the Attorney General a re-*
 10 *port, at such time and in such manner as the Attor-*
 11 *ney General may reasonably require, which report*
 12 *shall include—*

13 *“(A) a summary of the activities carried*
 14 *out with such grant or subgrant; and*

15 *“(B) an assessment of the effectiveness of*
 16 *such activities on achieving the purposes of this*
 17 *part.*

18 *“(2) WAIVERS.—The Attorney General may*
 19 *waive the requirement of an assessment in paragraph*
 20 *(1)(B) for a State or unit of local government if the*
 21 *Attorney General determines that—*

22 *“(A) the nature of the activities are such*
 23 *that assessing their effectiveness would not be*
 24 *practical or insightful;*

1 “(B) the amount of the grant or subgrant is
 2 such that carrying out the assessment would not
 3 be an effective use of those amounts; or

4 “(C) the resources available to the State or
 5 unit are such that carrying out the assessment
 6 would pose a financial hardship on the State or
 7 unit.

8 “(b) *REPORTS TO CONGRESS.*—Not later than 90 days
 9 after the last day of each fiscal year for which 1 or more
 10 grants are awarded under this part, the Attorney General
 11 shall submit to the Congress a report, which shall include—

12 “(1) a summary of the information provided
 13 under subsection (a);

14 “(2) the assessment of the Attorney General of
 15 the grant program carried out under this part; and

16 “(3) such other information as the Attorney Gen-
 17 eral considers appropriate.

18 **“SEC. 1809. DEFINITIONS.**

19 *“For purposes of this part:*

20 “(1) The term ‘unit of local government’
 21 means—

22 “(A) a county, township, city, or political
 23 subdivision of a county, township, or city, that
 24 is a unit of local government as determined by

1 *the Secretary of Commerce for general statistical*
2 *purposes;*

3 *“(B) any law enforcement district or judi-*
4 *cial enforcement district that—*

5 *“(i) is established under applicable*
6 *State law; and*

7 *“(ii) has the authority, in a manner*
8 *independent of other State entities, to estab-*
9 *lish a budget and raise revenues; and*

10 *“(C) the District of Columbia and the recog-*
11 *nized governing body of an Indian tribe or Alas-*
12 *kan Native village that carries out substantial*
13 *governmental duties and powers.*

14 *“(2) The term ‘specially qualified unit’ means a*
15 *unit of local government which may receive funds*
16 *under this part only in accordance with section*
17 *1803(e).*

18 *“(3) The term ‘State’ means any State of the*
19 *United States, the District of Columbia, the Common-*
20 *wealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American*
21 *Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands,*
22 *except that American Samoa, Guam, and the North-*
23 *ern Mariana Islands shall be considered as 1 State*
24 *and that, for purposes of section 1803(a), 33 percent*
25 *of the amounts allocated shall be allocated to Amer-*

1 *ican Samoa, 50 percent to Guam, and 17 percent to*
 2 *the Northern Mariana Islands.*

3 *“(4) The term ‘juvenile’ means an individual*
 4 *who is 17 years of age or younger.*

5 *“(5) The term ‘juvenile justice expenditures’*
 6 *means expenditures in connection with the juvenile*
 7 *justice system, including expenditures in connection*
 8 *with such system to carry out—*

9 *“(A) activities specified in section 1801(b);*
 10 *and*

11 *“(B) other activities associated with pros-*
 12 *ecutorial and judicial services and corrections as*
 13 *reported to the Bureau of the Census for the fis-*
 14 *cal year preceding the fiscal year for which a de-*
 15 *termination is made under this part.*

16 *“(6) The term ‘part 1 violent crimes’ means*
 17 *murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape,*
 18 *robbery, and aggravated assault as reported to the*
 19 *Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the*
 20 *Uniform Crime Reports.*

21 **“SEC. 1810. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

22 *“(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There*
 23 *are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this part—*

24 *“(1) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2002;*

25 *“(2) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2003; and*

1 “(3) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2004.

2 “(b) *OVERSIGHT ACCOUNTABILITY AND ADMINISTRA-*
 3 *TION.*—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under
 4 subsection (a), there shall be available to the Attorney Gen-
 5 eral, for each of the fiscal years 2002 through 2004 (as ap-
 6 plicable), to remain available until expended—

7 “(1) not more than 2 percent of that amount, for
 8 research, evaluation, and demonstration consistent
 9 with this part;

10 “(2) not more than 1 percent of that amount, for
 11 training and technical assistance; and

12 “(3) not more than 1 percent, for administrative
 13 costs to carry out the purposes of this part.

14 The Attorney General shall establish and execute an over-
 15 sight plan for monitoring the activities of grant recipients.

16 “(c) *FUNDING SOURCE.*—Appropriations for activities
 17 authorized in this part may be made from the Violent
 18 Crime Reduction Trust Fund.”.

19 **SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

20 The amendments made by section 2 shall take effect
 21 on the first day of the first fiscal year that begins after
 22 the date of the enactment of this Act.

1 **SEC. 4. TRANSITION OF JUVENILE ACCOUNTABILITY IN-**
2 **CENTIVE BLOCK GRANTS PROGRAM.**

3 *For each grant made from amounts made available for*
4 *the Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants pro-*
5 *gram (as described under the heading “VIOLENT CRIME*
6 *REDUCTION PROGRAMS, STATE AND LOCAL LAW*
7 *ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE” in the Department of*
8 *Justice Appropriations Act, 2000 (as enacted by Public*
9 *Law 106–113; 113 Stat. 1537–14)), the grant award shall*
10 *remain available to the grant recipient for not more than*
11 *36 months after the date of receipt of the grant.*

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